- 11. (Amended) The binder mixture of claim 1 comprising components (A) and (B) in a proportion of from 99.5:0.5 to 0.5:99.5.
- 12. (Amended) A method of using the binder mixture of claim 1 comprising preparing coating materials comprising the binder mixture of claim 1, wherein the coating materials are curable by at least one of thermally and with actinic radiation.
- 13. (Amended) A coating material comprising the binder mixture of claim 1, wherein the coating material is curable by at least one of thermally and with actinic radiation.
- 14. (Amended) A method of using the coating material as claimed in claim 13 comprising applying the coating material to a substrate and curing the coating material by at least one of actinic radiation and heating.
- 15. (Amended) A method of coating substrates for at least one of an automotive OEM finish, an automotive refinish, an industrial coating, a coil coating, a container coating, and a furniture coating comprising applying the coating material of claim 13 to the substrate and curing it by at least one of with actinic radiation and by heating.
- 16. (Amended) A substrate coated by the method of claim 15.

Please insert the following new claims:

- 17. (New) The binder mixture of claim 1 further characterized by at least two of the following:
 - the polymer (A) comprises at least one structural unit I and II and also at least one covalently bonded photoinitiator of the Norrish II type as at least one of a side group end group;
 - ii) the polyester (B) comprises at least one of structural units I and II and at least one of maleic esters and fumaric ester groups incorporated in its main chain;
 - iii) the polymer (A) comprises at least one of polyacrylate, polyurethane, polyether, and polyepoxide;
 - iv) in the polyesters (B), the structural unit I is incorporated in the form of the structural unit III

and the structural unit II is incorporated in the form of the structural unit IV

(IV) in which the index n is an integer from 1 to 10;

v) in at least one of (A) and (B) the structural unit I is incorporated in the form of the structural unit V

$$0 - c - c = c - c - c$$

and the structural unit II is incorporated in the form of structural units VI

- vi) components (A) and (B) are in a proportion of from 99.5:0.5 to 0.5:99.5.
- 18. (New) The binder mixture of claim 17, wherein polymer (A) is a polyacrylate and comprises at least one copolymeric poly(meth)acrylate comprising in copolymerized form at least one (meth)acrylate monomer comprising at least one of structural unit I, structural unit II, further (meth)acrylic esters, and further olefinically unsaturated monomers copolymerizable therewith.
- 19. (New) The binder mixture of claim 17, wherein polymer (A) is a polyurethane and comprises the reaction products of polyisocyanates, compounds comprising isocyanate-reactive groups, and at least one of the following:
 - i) compounds comprising at least one structural unit I and at least one isocyanatereactive group,
 - ii) compounds comprising at least one structural unit II and at least one isocyanatereactive group
 - iii) compounds comprising at least one structural unit I, at least one structural unit II, and at least one isocyanate-reactive group, and
 - iv) compounds comprising at least one photoinitiator group and at least one isocyanate-reactive group.
- 20. (New) The binder mixture of claim 17, wherein polymer (A) is a polyepoxide and comprises reaction products of polyepoxides and at least one of
 - compounds comprising at least one structural unit I and at least one epoxidereactive group;